

SMETA Corrective Action Plan Report (CAPR)

Version 6.1





Audit Details							
Sedex Company Reference: (only available on Sedex System)	ZC: N/A		Sedex Site Re (only available System)		ZS: N/A		
Business name (Company name):	THANGLONG PLAS	TIC J	OINT STOCK C	OMPANY			
Site name:	THANGLONG PLAS	TIC J	OINT STOCK C	OMPANY			
Site address: (Please include full address)	Head office: No. 360, Giai Phong street, Phuong Liet ward, Thanh Xuan district, Ha Noi city Factory: No.5. TS 5 street, Tien Son Industrial Zone, Hoan Son Commune, Tien Du District, Bac Ninh province			ial		Vietnam	
Site contact and job title:	Vu Thi Huong (Ms.) Le Trung Ngoc (Mr. Bui Minh Khoi (Mr.),	.)/ Vio	ce Director	Jnion			
Site phone:	84 222 3710425 84 904371078			Huongvu76@g		@gmail.com	
SMETA Audit Pillars:	∑ Labour Standards	Safe	ety (plus pillar ironment 2-		ment 4-	Ви	usiness Ethics
Date of Audit:	November 11th, 2019						

Audit Company Name & Logo:
SGS Vietnam Ltd
SGS

Report Owner (payer): (If paid for by the customer of the site please remove for Sedex upload) MAINETTI CO., LTD

Audit Conducted By						
Affiliate Audit Company	\boxtimes	Purchaser		Retailer		
Brand owner		NGO		Trade Union		
Multi– stakeholder			Combined Audit (select all that apply)			



Audit Content:

- (1) A SMETA audit was conducted which included some or all of Labour Standards, Health & Safety, Environment and Business Ethics. The SMETA Best Practice Version 6.1 (March 2019) was applied. The scope of workers included all types at the site e.g. direct employees, agency workers, workers employed by service providers and workers provided by other contractors. Any deviations from the SMETA Methodology are stated (with reasons for deviation) in the SMETA Declaration.
- (2) The audit scope was against the following reference documents

2-Pillar SMETA Audit

- ETI Base Code
- SMETA Additions
 - Universal rights covering UNGP
 - Management systems and code implementation,
 - Responsible Recruitment
 - Entitlement to Work & Immigration,
 - Sub-Contracting and Home working,

4-Pillar SMETA

- 2-Pillar requirements plus
- Additional Pillar assessment of Environment
- Additional Pillar assessment of Business Ethics
- The Customer's Supplier Code (Appendix 1)
- (3) Where appropriate non-compliances were raised against the ETI code / SMETA Additions & local law and recorded as non-compliances on both the audit report, CAPR and on Sedex.
- (4) Any Non-Compliance against customer code shall not be uploaded to Sedex. However, in the CAPR these 'Variances in compliance between ETI code / SMETA Additions/ local law and customer code' shall be noted in the observations section of the CAPR.



SMETA Declaration

I declare that the audit underpinning the following report was conducted in accordance with SMETA Best Practice Guidance and SMETA Measurement Criteria.

- (1) Where appropriate non-compliances were raised against the ETI code / SMETA Additions & local law and recorded as non-compliances on both the audit report, CAPR and on Sedex.
- (2) Any Non-Compliance against customer code alone shall not be uploaded to Sedex. However, in the CAPR these 'Variances in compliance between ETI code / SMETA Additions/ local law and customer code' shall be noted in the observations section of the CAPR.

Any exceptions to this must be recorded here (e.g. different sample size): NA

Auditor Team (s) (please list all including all interviewers):

Lead auditor: Bui My Ngoc (Mr.)

Team auditor: Nguyen Thi Phuong Khanh (Ms.) and Pham Thi Thanh Lan (Ms.) Under

supervision of Mr. Ngoc

Interviewers: Bui My Ngoc (Mr.) & Nguyen Thi Phuong Khanh (Ms.)

Report writer: Bui My Ngoc (Mr.) & Nguyen Thi Phuong Khanh (Ms.)

Report reviewer: Vu Duc Quang Cong (Mr.)

Date of declaration: NA

Note: The focus of this ethical audit is on the ETI Base Code and local law. The additional elements will not be audited in such depth or scope, but the audit process will still highlight any specific issues.

This report provides a summary of the findings and other applicable information found/gathered during the social audit conducted on the above date only and does not officially confirm or certify compliance with any legal regulations or industry standards. The social audit process requires that information be gathered and considered from records review, worker interviews, management interviews and visual observation. More information is gathered during the social audit process than is provided here. The audit process is a sampling exercise only and does not guarantee that the audited site prior, during or post–audit, are in full compliance with the Code being audited against. The provisions of this Code constitute minimum and not maximum standards and this Code should not be used to prevent companies from exceeding these standards. Companies applying this Code are expected to comply with national and other applicable laws and where the provisions of law and this Code address the same subject, to apply that provision which affords the greater protection. The ownership of this report remains with the party who has paid for the audit. Release permission must be provided by the owner prior to release to any third parties.



Audit Parameters

	Audit Parameters				
A: Time in and time out	Day 1 Time in: 8:30 Day 1 Time out: 17:00		Day 2 Time in: Day 2 Time ou	t:	Day 3 Time in: Day 3 Time out:
B: Number of auditor days used:	2 Auditors x 1 day				
C: Audit type:	Full Initial Periodic Full Follow–up Partial Follow–Up Partial Other If other, please define	; ;			
D: Was the audit announced?	Announced Semi – announced Unannounced	d: Winc	dow detail: w	eeks/	
E: Was the Sedex SAQ available for review?	☐ Yes ☐ No If No, why not				
F: Any conflicting information SAQ/Pre-Audit Info to Audit findings?	☐ Yes ☑ No If Yes , please capture	detai	l in appropriate	audi	t by clause
G: Who signed and agreed CAPR (Name and job title)					
H: Is further information available (if yes, please contact audit company for details)	☐ Yes ☑ No				
I: Previous audit date:	NA				
J: Previous audit type:	NA				
K: Were any previous audits reviewed for this audit	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A				
Audit attendance	Management	Work	er Representativ	ves	
	Senior management		er Committee sentatives	Unio	n representatives
A: Present at the opening meeting?	⊠ Yes □ No	Ye	es 🛛 No		∕es □ No

Date: 12/11/2019

Audit company: SGS Vietnam Ltd Report reference: FA 19-00775



B: Present at the audit?			⊠ Yes □ No	
C: Present at the closing meeting?			⊠ Yes □ No	
D: If Worker Representatives were not present please explain reasons why (only complete if no worker reps present)		was not any worker'	t workers committee s representative in this	
E: If Union Representatives were not present please explain reasons why: (only complete if no union reps present)	N/A			



Guidance

The Corrective Action Plan Report summarises the site audit findings and a corrective, and preventative action plan that both the auditor and the site manager believe is reasonable to ensure conformity with the ETI Base Code, Local Laws and additional audited requirements. After the initial audit, the form is used to rerecord actions taken and to categorise the status of the non-compliances.

N.B. observations and good practice examples should be pointed out at the closing meeting as well as discussing non-compliances and corrective actions.

To ensure that good practice examples are highlighted to the supplier and to give a more 'balanced' audit a section to record these has been provided on the CAPR document (see following pages) which will remain with the supplier. They will be further confirmed on receipt of the audit report.

Root cause (see column 4)

Root cause refers to the specific procedure or lack of procedure which caused the issue to arise. Before a corrective action can sustainably rectify the situation, it is important to find out the real cause of the noncompliance and whether a system change is necessary to ensure the issue will not arise again in the future.

See SMETA BPG Chapter 7 'Audit Execution' for more explanation of "root cause".

Next Steps:

- 1. The site shall request, via Sedex, that the audit body upload the audit report, non-compliances, observations and good examples. If you have not already received instructions on how to do this then please visit the web site www.sedexglobal.com.
- 2. Sites shall action its non-compliances and document its progress via Sedex.
- 3. Once the site has effectively progressed through its actions then it shall request via Sedex that the audit body verify its actions. Please visit <u>www.sedexglobal.com</u> web site for information on how to do this.
- 4. The audit body shall verify corrective actions taken by the site by either a "Desk-Top" review process via Sedex or by Follow-up Audit (see point 5).
- 5. Some non-compliances that cannot be closed off by "Desk-Top" review may need to be closed off via a "1 Day Follow Up Audit" charged at normal fee rates. If this is the case, then the site will be notified after its submission of documentary evidence relating to that non-compliance. Any followup audit must take place within twelve months of the initial audit and the information from the initial audit must be available for sign off of corrective action.
- 6. For changes to wages and hours to be correctly verified it will normally require a follow up site visit. Auditors will generally require to see a minimum of two months wages and hours records, showing new rates in order to confirm changes (note some clients may ask for a longer period, if in doubt please check with the client).



Corrective Action Plan

	Corrective Action Plan – non-compliances								
Non- Compliance Number The reference number of the non- compliance from the Audit Report, for example, Discrimination No.7	New or Carried Over Is this a new non- compliance identified at the follow- up or one carried over (C) that is still outstanding	Details of Non-Compliance Details of Non-Compliance	Root cause (completed by the site)	Preventative and Corrective Actions Details of actions to be taken to clear non- compliance, and the system change to prevent re- occurrence (agreed between site and auditor)	Timescale (Immediate, 30, 60, 90,180,365)	Verification Method Desktop / Follow-Up [D/F]	Agreed by Management and Name of Responsible Person: Note if management agree to the non- compliance, and document name of responsible person	Verification Evidence and Comments Details on corrective action evidence	Status Open/Closed or comment
3- Safety and Hygienic Condition No.1		Based on site observation, management interview, it was noted that the electricity boxes were not adequately protected by isolated material as legal requirement. Local law and/or ETI requirement: Law No. 28/2004/QH11 dated 03 Dec, 2004; Article 57. Ghi nhận tủ điện chưa được lắp đặt tấm cách điện bảo vệ như luật yêu cầu.	☐ Training ☐ Systems ☐ Costs ☐ lack of workers ☐ Other – please give details: lack of knowledge	Factory should ensure that the electricity boxes were adequately protected by isolated material as legal requirement.	30	D	Vu Thi Huong (Ms.)/ Director		
3: Safety and Hygienic Condition No.2		Based on site observation, management interview, it was noted that 8/10 fire extinguishers randomly checked were not	☐ Training ☐ Systems ☐ Costs ☐ lack of workers	Factory should ensure that the fire extinguishers will be inspected	30	D	Vu Thi Huong (Ms.)/ Director		



	inspected periodic requirement. Local law and/or ETI TCVN 7435-2: 2004 de 2004; Part 4 Ghi nhận 8/10 bình được kiểm tra ngẫu nh kiểm tra định kỳ như lu	requirement: ated 29 Oct, chữa cháy khi hiên chưa được	requirement.				
3: Safety and Hygienic Condition No.3	Based on site management inter noted that 3/4 first ai fully equipped with as legal requirement Local law and/or ETI Circular 19/2016/TT-Jun 2016; Article 6 Ghi nhận ¾ tủ sơ cấp trang bị đủ danh mục y cầu.	d kits were not medical items lack oworkers requirement: BYT dated 30 details: lack of knowledge	medical items as legal requirement.	30	D	Vu Thi Huong (Ms.)/ Director	
3: Safety and Hygienic Condition No.4	management inter	ory did not air workers og at facility as blease give details: lack	inspected as legal requirement.	30	D	Vu Thi Huong (Ms.)/ Director	



The Labor Code of Vietnam. Version 2012 dated 18 Jun. 2012: Article 147. Ghi nhận 1 máy nén khí đang vận hành tại nhà máy chưa được kiểm định định kỳ.như luật yêu cầu. ☐ Training F Livina Based on payrolls and time records Factory should Vu Thi Huong Systems
Costs
lack of review of 10 sample workers in Sep Wages (Ms.)/ ensure skill or 2019, Apr 2019 and Feb 2019, as Director and technical. toxic **Benefits** well as interview with worker and responsibility workers management, auditors noted that Other -No.1 allowance please give salaried allowances such as skill mandatory social details: and technical allowance (VND insurance 300,000 to 1,500,000 per month) contribution for Toxic allowance (VND 200,000 per employees to be month) Responsibility compliance with and allowance (VND 300,000 to leaal requirement 1,500,000) were not included in contribution to mandatory social insurance for at least 10 employees as legal requirement. Local law and/or ETI requirement: In accordance with the Circular 59/2015/TT-BLDTBXH, dated 29 Dec 2015 Article 30. Dưa vào chấm công lương 9 / 2019, 7/2019 và 4/2019 nhà máy tiền phụ cấp kỹ năng và kỹ thuật (300,000 đến 1,500,000) độc hai VND 200,000) và trách nhiêm (VND 300,000 đến 1,500,000) chưa



được cộng vào để tính tiền tăng ca theo yêu của luật. Per review time records of Sep Living ☐ Training Factory shall be pay 60 Vu Thi Huong ☐ Systems Wages 2019 (10 samples), July 2019 (10 employees (Ms.)/Costs and samples) and April 2018 (10 overtime salary on Director □ lack of **Benefits** workers weekly rest days samples) and according to the management interview, auditors No. 2 workers noted that at least 5 out of 10 Other legal requirement. please give selected samples employees was only paid 100% of basic salary for details: the day working on day off of Lack of public holiday (Hung Kings awareness Commemoration Day (the 10th of of legal March of each Lunar year) instead requirements of 200% in April 2019 as stipulated by legal requirement. **Remark:** Factory had paid 100% of basic salary only for working on weekly holiday for all employees instead of 200% as law requirements (Workers had worked on 15/4/2019 not paid salary as legal requirement. Ghi nhân lương tháng 09/2019, 7/2019 và 4 /2019 nhà máy trả 100% ngày làm vào ngày 15/04/2019 cho ngày nghỉ bù Ngày 10/3/2019 âm lịch -Giỗ tổ Hùng Vương) thay vì 200% theo yêu cầu của luật. Nhà máy đã trả 100% lương làm việc cho ngày nghỉ bù trùng vào ngày lễ



nghỉ thay vì 200% (công nhân đã làm viêc vào ngày nghỉ bù 15/4/2019 Local law and/or ETI requirement: Decree According 05/2015/NĐ-CP date Jan 12, 2015; Article 25. 5. Living ☐ Training Factory shall ensure Vu Thi Huona Based on the review of payrolls & that all seasonal/ time records (10 selected sample (Ms.)/ Wages and employees Sep 2019, Jul 2019 and ☐ Costs temporary Director Apr 2019 as well as management & ☐ lack of employees shall be **Benefits** employee interview indicated that No. 3 workers covered with social. at least 02 out of 10 selected □ Other health insurances samples employee's facility did not and annual leave please give provide social, health insurances, details: allowance. unemployment insurance and annual leave allowance to temporary or seasonal workers in Apr 2019 Local law and/or ETI requirement: The Labour Code of Vietnam, Article 186 Ghi nhân lt nhất 02 /10 công nhân được chọn nhà máy là công nhân thời vụ nhà máy chưa cung cấp bảo hiểm xã hội, bảo hiểm v tế, bảo hiểm thất nghiệp và phép năm cho công nhân thời vu. ☐ Training Working 60 F Vu Thi Huong New Factory shall ensure Based on the review of document ☐ Systems Hours (payrolls & time records of 10 employees to be (Ms.)/Costs (No. 1) samples employees in September provided with at Director

2019, July 2019 and Apr 2019) as well as management & employee interview, it was noted that total working hours per week of at least 3 out of 10 selected sample employees were not provided one day off during 7-day-period. They worked 13 consecutive days in July 2019, for instance.	☐ lack of workers ☐ Other – please give details:	least one day off per 7-day-period.	FA19.00782	
Local law and/or ETI requirement: In accordance with The Labour Code of Vietnam, Version 2012, Article 110 in which requires that in every week, each employee shall be entitled to a rest of at least twenty-four consecutive hours. Ghi nhân 3/10 công nhân chưa cung cấp 1 ngày nghỉ trong 7 ngày. Vì nhưng công nhân này làm 13 ngày liên tục (làm 1 chủ nhật) trong tháng 7/				

	Corrective Action Plan – Observations						
from the Audit Report, for example, Discrimination No.7	New or Carried Over Is this a new observation identified at the follow-up or one carried over	Details of Observation Details of Observation	Root cause (completed by the site)	Any improvement actions discussed (Not uploaded on to SEDEX)			



	(C) that is still outstanding			
0.B Management system and Code Implementation (No. 1)		Document review and management interview indicated that the site had not yet conducted any risk assessment to evaluate internal policies and procedures to be effectiveness. Nhà máy chưa thực hiện tư đánh giá rủi ro nội bộ về chinh sách và qui trình một cách hiệu quả về tiêu chuẩn trách nhiệm xã hội	Lack of knowledge of the ETI code	
0.B Management system and Code Implementation (No. 2)		Document review, workers and management interview indicated that the ETI Code was not posted at workshops and communicated to workers. (ETI Code) Nhà máy chưa có tiêu chuẩn ETI code tại xưởng và phổ biến cho công nhân ơi thực hành tiêu chuẩn ETI code	Lack of knowledge of the ETI code	

	Good examples					
Good example Number The reference number of the good example from the Audit Report, for example, Discrimination No.7	Details of good example noted	Any relevant Evidence and Comments				
Nil						



Confirmation

Please sign this document confirming that the above findings have been discussed with and understood by you: (site management) If actual signatures are not possible in electronic versions, please state the name of the signatory in applicable boxes, as indicating the signature.						
A: Site Representative Signature:	(Signed) Vu Thi Huong (Ms.)/ Director	Title: Director Date: November 12, 2019				
B: Auditor Signature:	(Signed) Nguyen Thi Phuong Khanh (Ms.) Bui My Ngoc (Mr.)	Title: Lead Auditor & Auditor Date: November 12, 2019				
C: Please indicate below if you, the site	management, dispute any of the findings. No ne	ed to complete D-E, if no disputes.				
D: I dispute the following numbered non Nil	-compliances:					
E: Signed: (If <u>any</u> entry in box D, please complete a signature on this line)		Title: NA Date: NA				
F: Any other site Comments: Nil						



Guidance on Root Cause

Explanation of the Root Cause Column

If a non-compliance is to be rectified by a corrective action which will also prevent the non-compliance re-occurring, it is necessary to consider whether a system change is required.

Understanding the root cause of the non-compliance is essential if a site is to prevent the issue reoccurring.

The root cause refers to the specific activity/ procedure or lack of activity/procedure which caused the non-compliance to arise. Before a corrective action can rectify the situation, it is important to find out the real cause of the non-compliance and whether a system change is necessary to ensure the issue will not arise again in the future.

Since this is a new addition, it is not a mandatory requirement to complete this column at this time. We hope to encourage auditors and sites to think about Root Causes and where they are able to agree, this column may be used to describe their discussion.

Some examples of finding a "root cause"

Example 1

Where excessive hours have been noted the real reason for these needs to be understood, whether due to production planning, bottle necks in the operation, insufficient training of operators, delays in receiving trims, etc.

Example 2

A non-compliance may be found where workers are not using PPE that has been provided to them. This could be the result of insufficient training for workers to understand the need for its use; a lack of follow-up by supervisors aligned to a proper set of factory rules or the fact that workers feel their productivity (and thus potential earnings) is affected by use of items such as metal gloves.

Example 3

A site uses fines to control unacceptable behaviour of workers.

International standards (and often local laws) may require that workers should not be fined for disciplinary reasons.

It may be difficult to stop fines immediately as the site rules may have been in place for some time, but to prevent the non-compliance re- occurring it will be necessary to make a system change.

The symptom is fines, but the root cause is a management system which may break the law. To prevent the problem re-occurring it will be necessary to make a system change for example the site could consider a system which rewards for good behaviour

Only by understanding the underlying cause can effective corrective actions be taken to ensure continuous compliance.

The site is encouraged to complete this section so as to indicate their understanding of the issues raised and the actions to be taken.





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You can leave feedback by following the appropriate link to our questionnaire:

Click here for Buyer (A) & Buyer/Supplier (A/B) members:

http://www.surveymonkey.com/s.aspx?sm=riPsbE0PQ52ehCo3lnq5Iw_3d_3d

Click here for Supplier (B) members:

http://www.surveymonkey.com/s.aspx?sm=d3vYsCe48fre69DRgIY_2brg_3d_3d

Click here for Auditors:

https://www.surveymonkey.co.uk/r/BRTVCKP